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**BATTERY HITESTER 3554** 

Field Measuring Instruments



Get a Complete Diagnosis of UPS Batteries with a Single Device



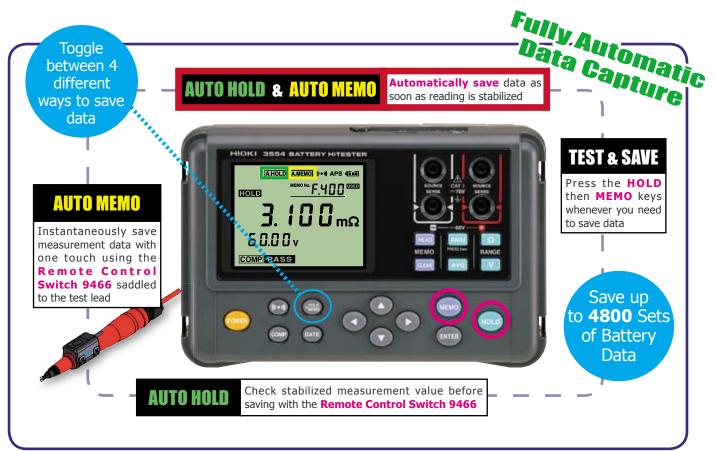




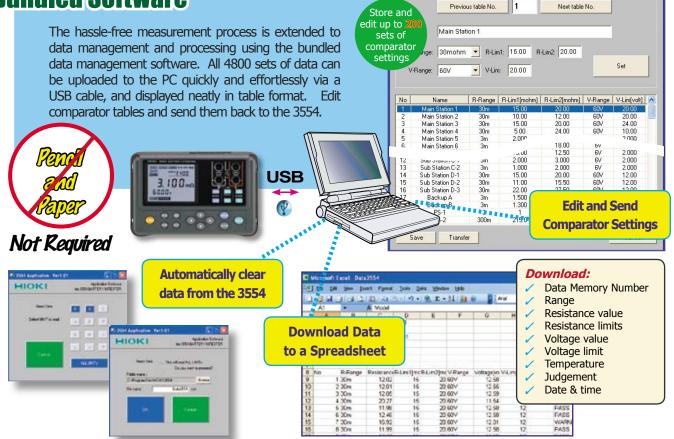
Repeated recharging of a secondary battery can lead to battery deterioration and increase its internal resistance. Problems can intensify when there is a short-circuit in the internal cell leading to voltage drop, overheating and complete battery malfunction. Worst of all, these problems can cause life-threatening fires and other accidents.



## **HANDS FREE Data Capture Allows You to Focus on the Testing**



## Quickly Download Data to a PC via USB Interface - Effortlessly Manage Using Table - [sample.csv \*] Bundled Software

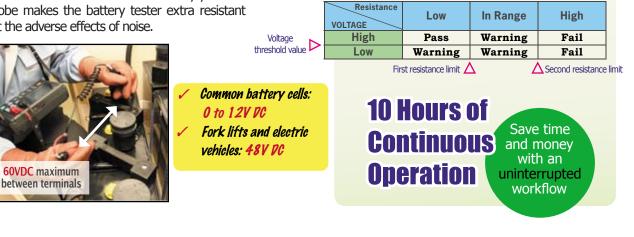


# **Tough Against Noise Plus Wide 60V Range**

Trying to measure UPS backup batteries while they are still being used naturally brings about noise coming from the battery's inverter or rectifying circuit. The enhanced measurement current in the 3554 plus fortified circuit design, added with the Averaging Function to handle batteries that have fluctuating measurement values no matter how steady you hold the probe makes the battery tester extra resistant against the adverse effects of noise.

# Three-rank rating of battery state: Pass, Warning or Fail

Assessment is based on a 6-way combination of comparisons against upper and lower resistance limits and a voltage threshold. Immediately see the judgement result on the bright LCD and beep on your choice of PASS or WARNING/FAIL.



## Wide Selection of Tough and Versatile Test Probes The standard



### The Advantages of 4-Terminal Measurement

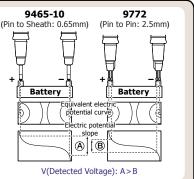
The Quality of Your Test Lead CAN Make a Difference

When measuring certain batteries such as leadacid cells, the resulting measurement value may differ depending on the test leads used to conduct the measurement. This difference is due to the shape of the probe tip as well as the dimensions of the 4-terminal test leads used for measurement. However, despite a difference in value given by different test leads, it is safe to assume that each specific value reflects the correct value obtainable by the respective test leads.

Based on this principle, when diagnosing battery deterioration in a time series, it is particularly important to use test leads having the same tip shape

and dimensions in order to maintain measurement consistency. The difference in the measurement values

The difference in the measurement values obtained by different test leads is a physical phenomenon caused by the difference in distance between the SOURCE and SENSE pins of the test leads. This is more significant when the battery terminal contains a resistance higher than the internal resistance of the battery under test. The figure on the right demonstrates how even minute physical differences between the SOURCE and SENSE pins for two types of test leads can affect the detected voltage level of the battery.



## Specifications

### **Basic Specifications**

<b>Basic Specificatio</b>	ns		: Approx.192W x 121H x 55D mm, 790 g (including batteries)
Measurement items : Display :	Resistance (AC four-terminal method), voltage, temperature (platinum temperature sensor, only when using 9460 leads) LCD	and mass Accessories	: PIN TYPE LEAD 9465-10 x 1, USB cable x 1, Application Software CD x 1, Strap x 1, Carrying case x 1, Zero adjustment board x 1, LR6 alkaline batteries x 8, Fuse x 1
LCD All Segments Displayed         Sampling rate         Averaging Function         Input overflow         Constant current fault         detection	LIMIT <b>Ö.Ö.Ö.Ö m</b> - 8.8.8.8 ¢ 8.8:8.8 °C COMP PASS WARNING FAIL Once per second OFF, 4, 8, or 16 times [OF] is displayed OFF, 4, 8, or 16 times	n type Lead JSB Cable, gement PC gh carrying adjustment	
Open-circuit terminal : voltage	5 VMax Auto power off after 10 minutes unless during data	Functions	
Comparator Settings	transmission First and second resistance limits, and lower voltage limit	HOLD : (1) Pressing the HOLD key	
Number of Comparator : Settings Comparator Output :	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Data Storage	<ul> <li>(2) Inputting signals to the EXT.HOLD/MEMO terminal</li> <li>(3) Stabilizing measured values (when the auto-hold feature is on)</li> <li>While the measured values are being held, pressing MEMO key will save them to internal memory.</li> </ul>
Operating temperature : and humidity	beeper to sound on PASS/WARNING or FAIL. 0 to 40°C (32°F to 104°F), 80% rh or less (no condensation)		When the auto-memory feature is on, measured values will be saved to the instrument's internal memory when held. Saved items: Date, time, resistance value, voltage value,
Absolute maximum : input voltage	60V DC, No AC input allowed		temperature, comparator setting values, and comparator judgement. Maximum storable data: 4800 sets.
Withstand voltage : Maximum rated power :	Between input terminals and output terminals ( including EXT. HOLD/MEMO, and USB terminals): 1.5 kV AC rms for 15 seconds 2 VA	Reading data PC Interface	Memory structure: 400 data sets per unit (12 units) Read stored data on instrument or with PC application USB
consumption Continuous operating : time Power supply :	Approx. 10 hours (When using alkaline batteries; may vary depending on conditions of use) AA (LR6) Alkaline Batteries x 8	PC Software Application	: Windows compatible, using USB interface PC to 3554: transfer comparator tables edited on Excel, delete data from 3554, initialize the 3554, make clock settings. 3554 to PC: transfer data stored in memory (save files on PC in CSV format)

#### Measurement Accuracy (Guaranteed Accuracy Period: 1 Year)

: 23°C± 5°C (73°F± 9°F), non-condensating, after zero-Guaranteed Accuracy Conditions adjustment, warm-up time not required

Resistance Measure	ment
Temperature coefficient	: ±0.01 %rdg.±0.8 dgt./°C
Measurement current frequency	: 1 kHz±30 Hz
Measurement current reliability	/: ±10 %

Range	Max. display	Resolution	Measurement Current	Accuracy
3 mΩ	3.100 mΩ	1μΩ	150 mA	±1.0 %rdg.±8 dgt.
30 mΩ	31.00mΩ	10µΩ	150 mA	
300 mΩ	310.0 mΩ	100μΩ	15 mA	±0.8 %rdg.±6 dgt.
3Ω	3.100 Ω	1 mΩ	1.5 mA	

#### To Our Valued Customers:

The thresholds for determining the pass/fail condition of a battery depends on the specifications and standards of the battery manufacturer, battery type, capacity, etc. It is important and necessary to always conduct battery testing against the internal resistance and terminal voltage of a new or reference battery. In some cases, it may be difficult to determine the deterioration state of sealed lead acid batteries which demonstrates smaller changes in internal resistance than traditional open type (liquid) lead-acid or alkaline batteries.

### Voltage Measurement

Temperature coefficient : ±0.005 %rdg.±0.5 dgt./°C

Range	Max. display	Resolution	Accuracy
6 V	±6.000 V	1 mV	±0.08 %rdg.±6 dgt.
60 V	±60.00 V	10 mV	±0.06 %ldg.±0 dgi.

#### **Temperature Measurement**

Mea	surement Range	Resolution	Accuracy
	10°C to 60°C	0.1°C	±1.0°C

### Options

Bundled with the standard 3554 Pin-type Lead 9465-10

Zero Adjustment Board 9454

Clip-type Lead with Temperature Sensor 9460 Pin-type Lead **9772** Remote Control Switch 9466 Large Clip Type Lead 9467 (no CE mark) Tip Pin 9465-90 (to replace the tip on Model 9465-10) Tip Pin 9772-90 (to replace the tip on Model 9772)



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